# SDIO \_\_\_\_\_ Student Self-Report Survey Data



The Middle Years Development Instrument Middle childhood, or the "middle years," is a pivotal period of human development. Experiences in this period can have long-lasting effects. Between the ages of 9 to 13, children experience important cognitive, biological, social, and emotional changes that contribute to their lifelong identity and lay the foundation for successful development in adolescence and adulthood.



## MDI



#### **SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

Measures

 Optimism Empathy **Prosocial Behaviour** Self-Esteem

Happiness

Food

 Absence of Sadness Absence of Worries Self-Regulation (Short-Term)

Frequency of Good Sleep

- \* Responsible Decision-Making
- \* Self-Awareness
- \* Citizenship/Social Responsibility



#### Measures

- General Health
- Eating Breakfast
- Meals with Adults in Your Family

**PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING** 

Help-Seeking for Emotional Wellbeing Transportation To and From School



#### CONNECTEDNESS

Measures

Adults at School Adults in the

Neighbourhood

- Adults at Home
- Peer Belonging
- Friendship Intimacy

Important Adults



#### **USE OF OUT-OF-SCHOOL TIME**

Measures

- Organized Activities
  - Educational Lessons or Activities

- Youth Organizations
- Sports
- Music or Arts

How Children Spend their Time **Out-of-School Places** Children's Wishes



#### SCHOOL EXPERIENCES

Measures

Academic Self-Concept School Climate

School Belonging Victimization and Bullying

ALAND THE ALAND





### **Positive Personal & Cultural Identity**

### **Related MDI Measures:**

- Connectedness to Adults at Home, School and Community
- Peer Belonging
- Friendship Intimacy
- Empathy
- School Belonging
- School Climate
- Self-Esteem
- Academic Self-Concept
- Self-Awareness
- Responsible Decision-Making

### Personal Awareness & Responsibility

### **Related MDI Measures:**

- Academic Self-Concept
- Self-Esteem
- Self-Regulation
- General Health
- Optimism
- Self-Awareness
- Responsible Decision-Making
- Use of Out-of-School Time

MUMANA A MUMANA

### **Social Responsibility**

### **Related MDI Measures:**

- Citizenship and Social Responsibility
- Prosocial Behaviour
- Empathy
- School Climate
- Connectedness to Adults at School
- Connectedness to Peers
- Self-Regulation





Mar and a Mar and a



**High Well-being (Thriving)** Children who score in the high range on at least 4 of the 5 measures of well-being and have no low-range scores.

**ARROW LAKES** 

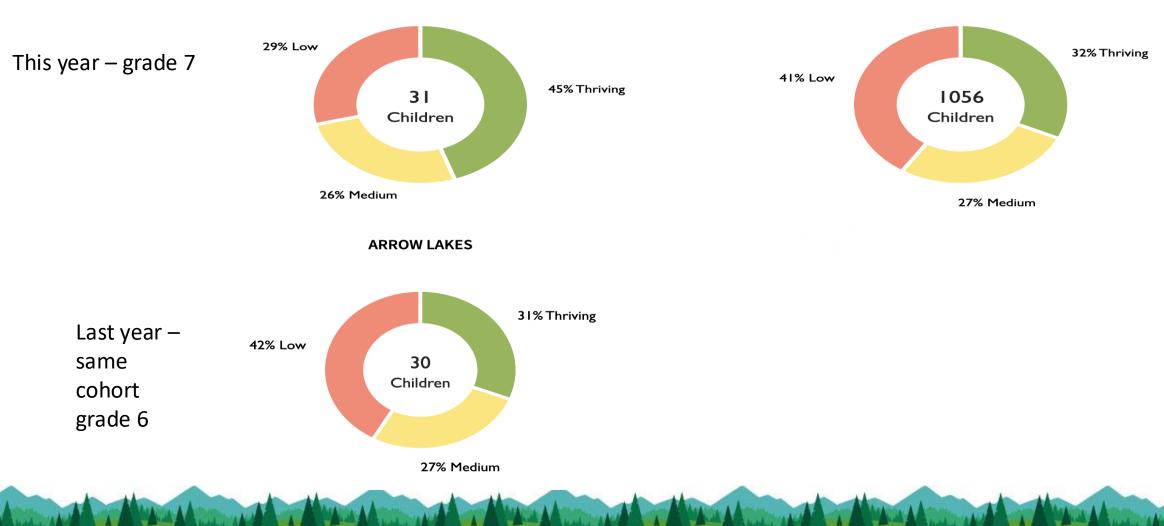
**GRADE 7** 

Medium Well-being

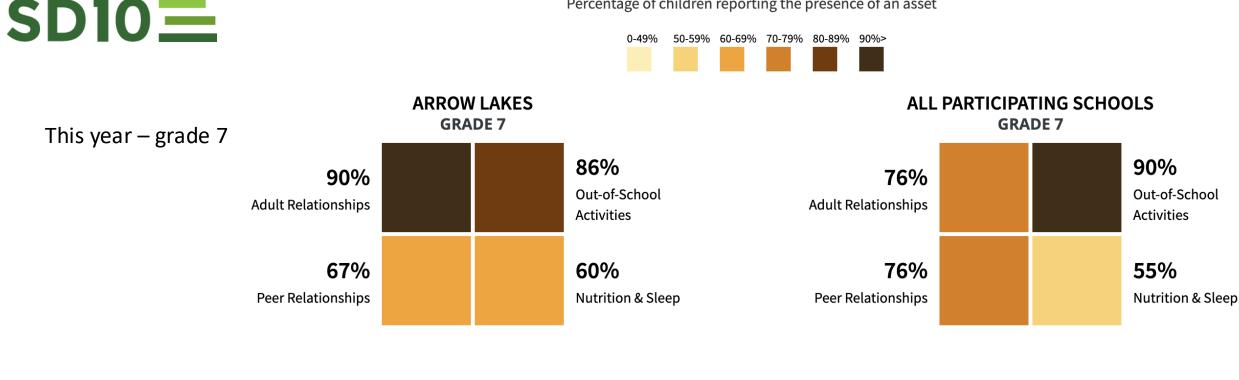
Children who score in the high range on fewer than 4 of the 5 measures of wellbeing, and have no low-range scores. Low Well Children least 1 of

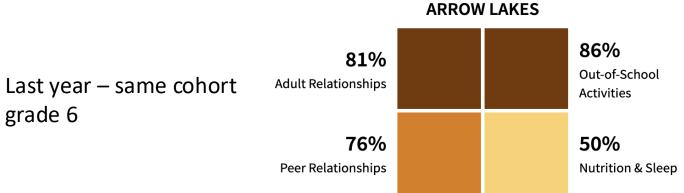
Low Well-being Children who score in the low range on a least 1 of the 5 measures of well-being.





Percentage of children reporting the presence of an asset





A MYAN A MUL HAVE A MU

#### OPTIMISM

Last year – Grade 6

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."

#### **EMPATHY**

Empathy is the experience of understanding and sharing the feelings of others. e.g., "I care about the feelings of others."

#### PROSOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

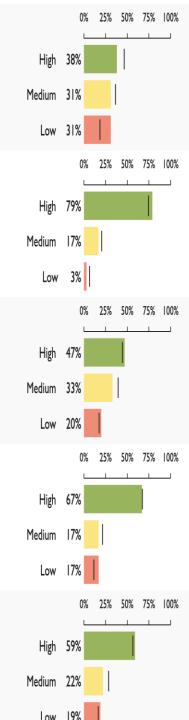
Prosocial behaviour refers to actions that benefit others. e.g., "I helped someone who was hurt."

SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."

HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."



# This year – Grade 7 Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more

#### SELF-ESTEEM

good times than bad times."

**OPTIMISM** 

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."

#### HAPPINESS

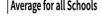
Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."

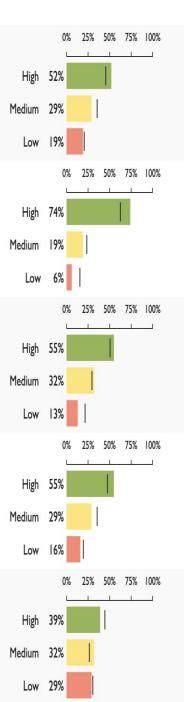
#### **ABSENCE OF SADNESS**

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."

#### **ABSENCE OF WORRIES**

Worries measure the beginning symptoms of anxiety. e.g., "I worry a lot that other people might not like me."





### SELF-REGULATION (SHORT-TERM)

Last year – grade 6

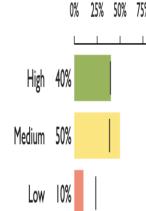
Short-term self-regulation is about impulse control. It requires adapting behaviour or emotions to meet an immediate goal. e.g., "I can calm myself down when I'm excited or upset."

### **RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING**

Responsible decision-making is about understanding the consequences of one's actions and making good choices about personal behaviour. e.g., "When I make a decision, I think about what might happen afterward."

### SELF-AWARENESS

Self-awareness is the ability to recognize one's emotions and thoughts while understanding their influence on behaviour. e.g., "When I'm upset, I notice how I am feeling before I take action."



### 50% 75% 100% SELF-REGULATION (SHORT-TERM) This year – grade 7 Short-term self-regulation is about impulse control. It requires adapting behaviour or emotions to meet an immediate goal. e.g., "I can calm myself down when I'm excited or upset."

50% 75% 100% High 32% Medium 75% 100% 25% 50%

#### 50% 75% 100% 0% 25%

High 63% 30% Medium 7% Low

### **RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING**

Responsible decision-making is about understanding the consequences of one's actions and making good choices about personal behaviour. e.g., "When I make a decision, I think about what might happen afterward."

Self-awareness is the ability to recognize one's emotions and thoughts while understanding

their influence on behaviour. e.g., "When I'm upset, I notice how I am feeling before I take

#### 25% 50% 75% 100% SELF-AWARENESS

action."





#### Last year –grade 6

#### CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS

#### ADULTS AT SCHOOL

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."

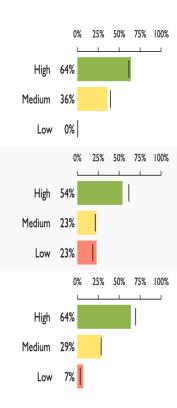
#### ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."

#### ADULTS AT HOME

School District Average

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."



None

23%

25%

### School District Average CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS

### This year - grade 7

#### **ADULTS AT SCHOOL**

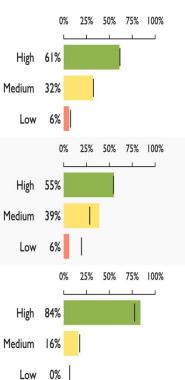
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."

#### ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."

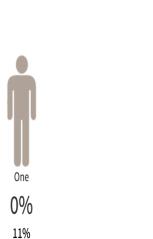
#### ADULTS AT HOME

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."

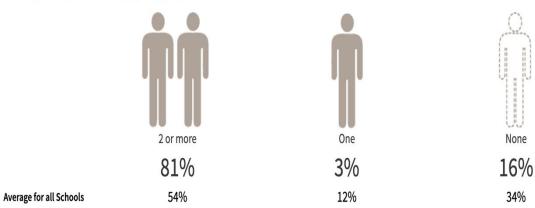








#### NUMBER OF IMPORTANT ADULTS AT SCHOOL



Last year –grade 6

School District Average

### This year - grade 7

Average for all Schools

### ACADEMIC SELF CONCEPT

Children's beliefs about their academic ability, including their perceptions of themselves as students and how interested and confident they feel in school. e.g., "I am certain I can learn the skills taught in school this year."

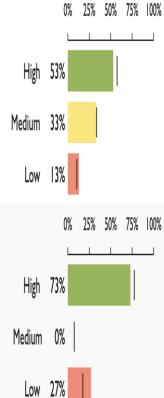
### SCHOOL CLIMATE

The overall tone of the school environment, including the way teachers and students interact and how students treat each other. e.g., "People care about each other in this school."

### SCHOOL BELONGING

School belonging is the degree to which children feel connected and valued at their school. e.g., "I feel like I am important to this school."





### ACADEMIC SELF CONCEPT

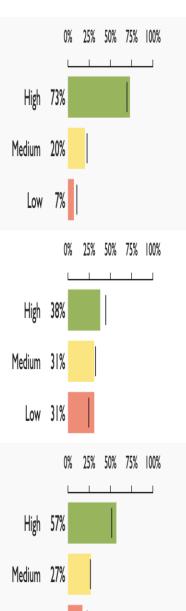
Children's beliefs about their academic ability, including their perceptions of themselves as students and how interested and confident they feel in school. e.g., "I am certain I can learn the skills taught in school this year."

### SCHOOL CLIMATE

The overall tone of the school environment, including the way teachers and students interact and how students treat each other. e.g., "People care about each other in this school."

SCHOOL BELONGING

School belonging is the degree to which children feel connected and valued at their school. e.g., "I feel like I am important to this school."



17%

Low

### VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL Last

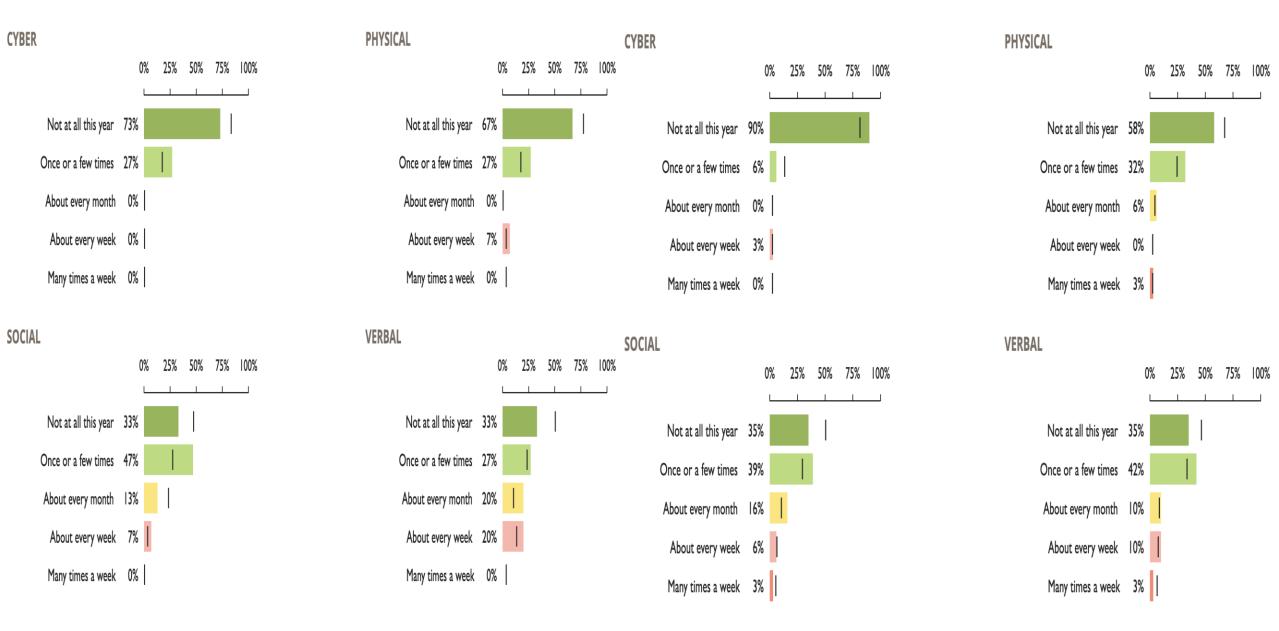
### Last year –grade 6

Children are asked: "During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?":

### VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL

This year – grade 7

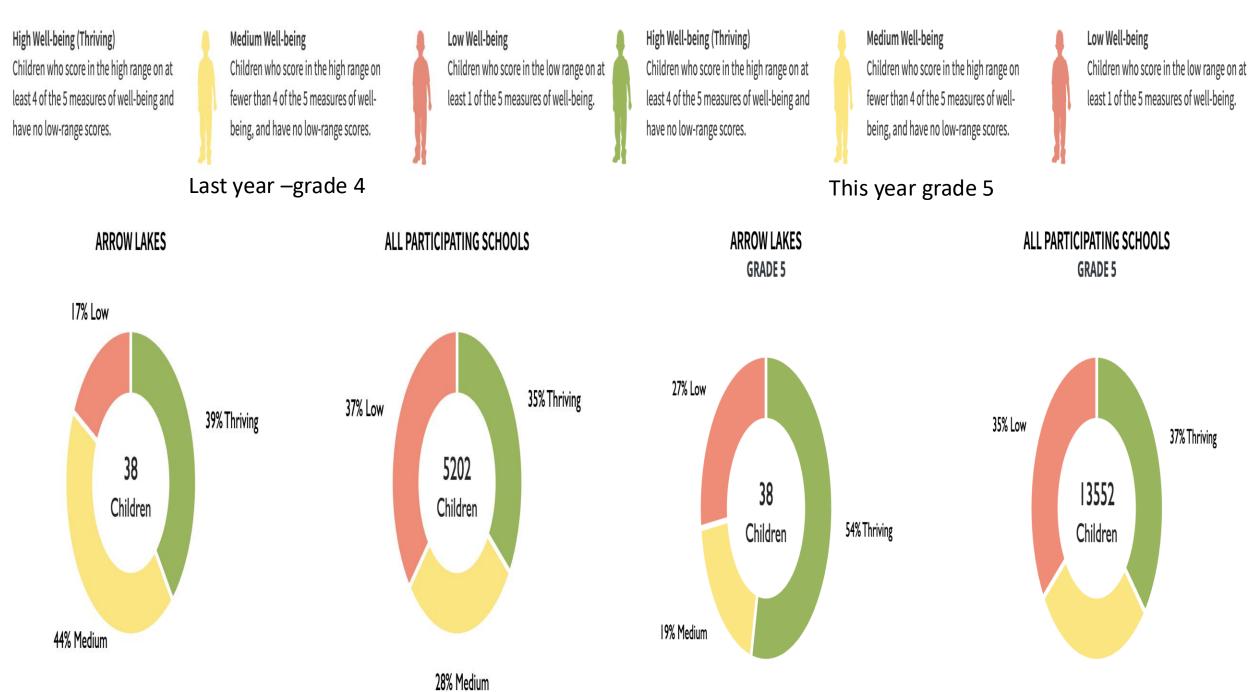
Children are asked: "During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?":







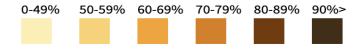
Mar and a Mar and a



28% Medium

#### Last Year – grade 4

**ARROW LAKES** 



#### ALL PARTICIPATING SCHOOLS

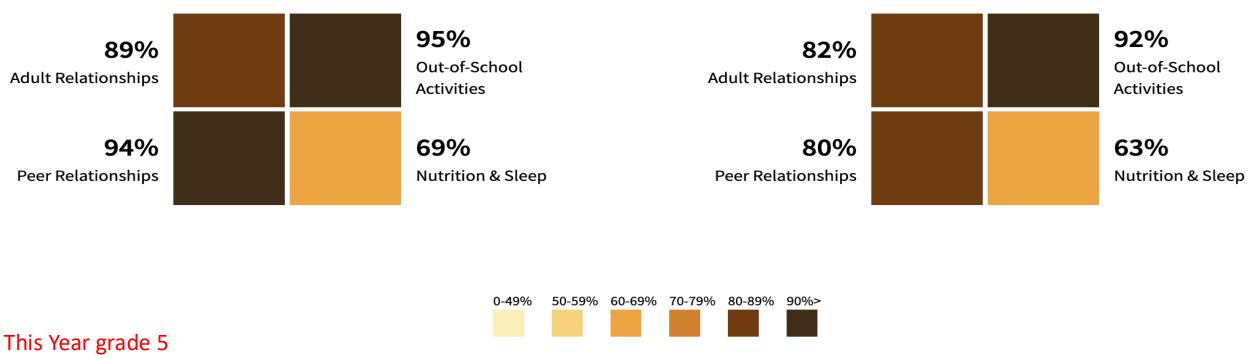
90%

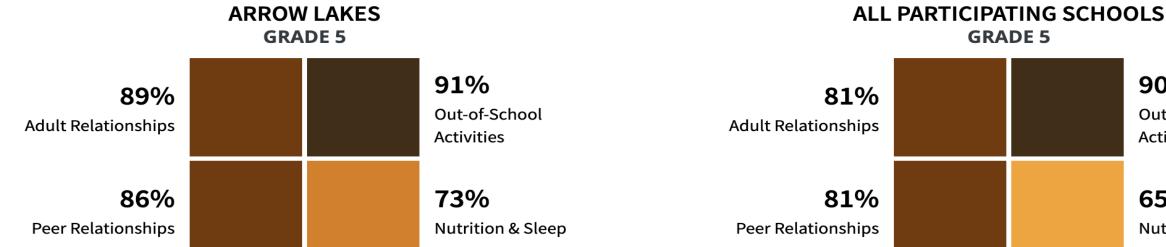
Activities

65%

**Out-of-School** 

Nutrition & Sleep





Last year grade 4

Average for all Schools

### This year grade 5

OPTIMISM

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."

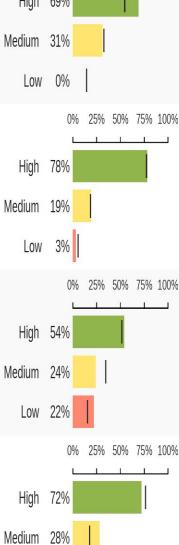
SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."

HAPPINESS

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."

# 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%



0%

Low

### EMPATHY

**OPTIMISM** 

Empathy is the experience of understanding and sharing the feelings of others. e.g., "I care about the feelings of others."

Optimism refers to the mindset of having positive expectations for the

future. e.g., "I have more good times than bad times."

### PROSOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

Prosocial behaviour refers to actions that benefit others. e.g., "I helped someone who was hurt."

### SELF-ESTEEM

Self-esteem refers to a person's sense of self-worth. e.g., "A lot of things about me are good."

	0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
High	
Medium	29%
Low	13%
	0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
High	81%
Medium	4%
Low	5%
	0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
High	68%
Medium	30%

1 .... 20/

Average for all Schools

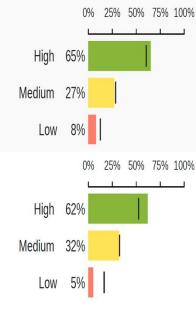
### HAPPINESS

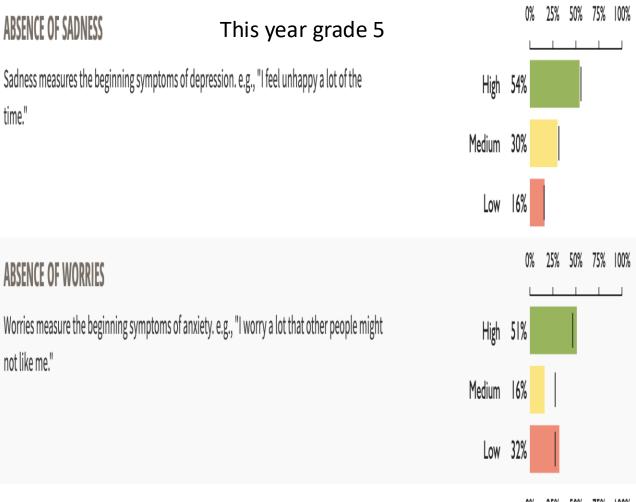
Last year grade 4

Happiness refers to how content or satisfied children are with their lives. e.g., "I am happy with my life."

### **ABSENCE OF SADNESS**

Sadness measures the beginning symptoms of depression. e.g., "I feel unhappy a lot of the time."



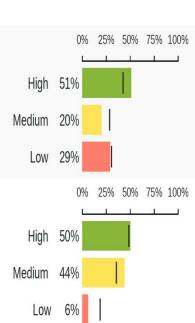


### **ABSENCE OF WORRIES**

Worries measure the beginning symptoms of anxiety. e.g., "I worry a lot that other people might not like me."

### SELF-REGULATION (SHORT-TERM)

Short-term self-regulation is about impulse control. It requires adapting behaviour or emotions to meet an immediate goal. e.g., "I can calm myself down when I'm excited or upset."



### SELF-REGULATION (SHORT-TERM)

Short-term self-regulation is about impulse control. It requires adapting behaviour or emotions to meet an immediate goal. e.g., "I can calm myself down when I'm excited or upset."

# 0% 25% 50% 75% 100% High 57%

#### CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS

#### **ADULTS AT SCHOOL**

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."

#### ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."

#### **ADULTS AT HOME**

Average for all

Schools

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."

#### Average for all Schools

0% 25% 50% 75% 100%

0% 25% 50% 75% 100%

High

Low

High

High

Low

Medium

Medium

Medium

84%

16%

0%

72%

17%

86%

14%

0%

None

8%

16%

Low 11%

#### CONNECTEDNESS WITH ADULTS

#### **ADULTS AT SCHOOL**

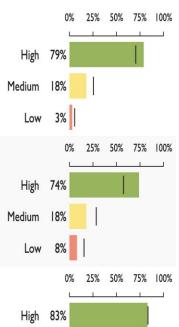
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with at school. e.g., "At my school there is an adult who believes I will be a success."

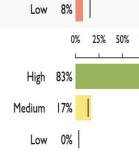
#### ADULTS IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD/COMMUNITY

Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults they interact with in their neighbourhood or community. e.g., "In my neighbourhood/community there is an adult who really cares about me."

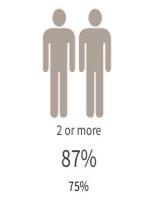
#### **ADULTS AT HOME** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%

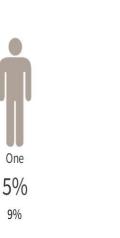
Assesses the quality of relationships children have with the adults in their home. e.g., "In my home there is a parent or other adult who listens to me when I have something to say."





#### NUMBER OF IMPORTANT ADULTS AT SCHOOL





Last year grade 4



Average for all Schools





This year grade 5



Average for all Schools

### Last year grade 4

### ACADEMIC SELF CONCEPT

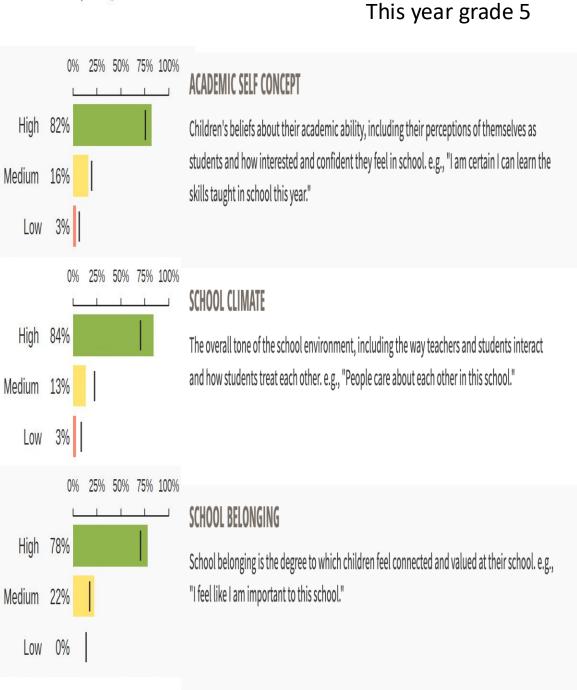
Children's beliefs about their academic ability, including their perceptions of themselves as students and how interested and confident they feel in school. e.g., "I am certain I can learn the skills taught in school this year."

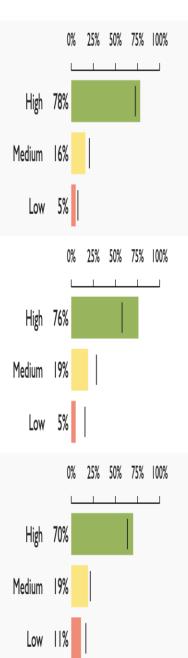
### SCHOOL CLIMATE

The overall tone of the school environment, including the way teachers and students interact and how students treat each other. e.g., "People care about each other in this school."

### SCHOOL BELONGING

School belonging is the degree to which children feel connected and valued at their school. e.g., "I feel like I am important to this school."

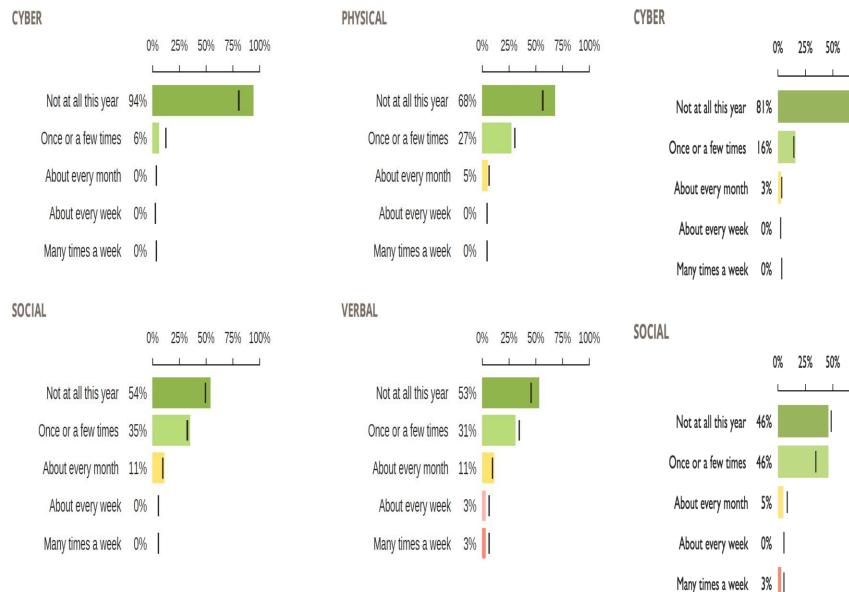




### VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL

### Last year grade 4

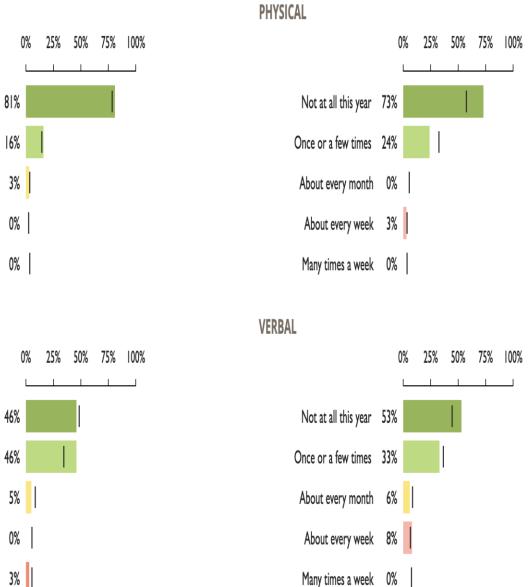
Children are asked: "During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?":



### VICTIMIZATION AND BULLYING AT SCHOOL

This year grade 5

Children are asked: "During this school year, how often have you been bullied by other students in the following ways?":





## What do we do with the data?

- Current school and district health and wellness interventions:
  - Class-based health and wellness teaching infused into the curriculum
  - Continue to use cohort tracking to monitor and adjust with specific cohorts
  - The District Wellness Committee meets once a month to discuss ways to support
    physical and mental health in schools and reports back to schools
  - School-based SEL teams and initiatives are ongoing
  - Outdoor Education focuses on promoting physical and mental health
  - District Elder in-residence program supporting students
  - District Mental Health Outreach Coordinator role supporting youth in the after-school hours
  - Elementary after-school clubs provide various opportunities for students
  - Greater connection with community agencies and partners for resources/support

Continued focus on school connectedness and belonging